

IN VANITY FAIR

A Steady Social Whirl During Holiday Week.

LITTLE ONE HAD AN INNING

Christmas Feasts and Trees—Dinners, Receptions and Dances. Beach Afternoon.

Honolulu has been Christmas like in cheer, good will and gaiety. If it has not in atmosphere. There were Christmas trees up the valley, Christmas trees on the Plains, Christmas trees at the beach—Christmas from one end of the Islands to the other, not to speak of in between. It was no wonder that imported trees gave out, and that our old friend, the algeroba, was at last robbed of his branches and, instead of his usual summer aspect, was converted into winter with spangles, and candles, and tinsel, and pop-corn—in fact dressing straight from Santa Claus.

The Christmas tree party given by Miss Harriet and Master Gilchrist Hatch to thirty of their little friends, was one of the largest. After a delicious supper on the lanai at 5 o'clock, the tree was lit up inside the house, and the children flocked in. It is not necessary to add that the evening was an enjoyable one, as the society articles do about grown up parties.

Christmas evening there was a dinner for sixteen and a dance after for fifty or sixty guests, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harold M. Sewall, at Waikiki. This dance was Christmas day in, although the day was proportionately as young as the hour when good-bye was said, was wee and sma'. So everybody was ready for stockings bright and early the next morning, and Honolulu had few empty ones.

Sunday night there were several dinners, one at Mrs. Swamy's for twenty, another at Mrs. Haywood's, and several besides. There was scarcely a stranger in town who was allowed to eat turkey and plum pudding alone.

Monday night there was a dance at the home of Mr. and Mrs. May. Tuesday night Mr. and Mrs. Swamy gave a dinner for young people. Wednesday night Dr. and Mrs. Cooper invited about forty of their friends to a chowder supper up Tantalus. The moonlight drive home afterwards was a feature of the evening, for it was a perfect night. Tantalus belied tradition and everybody was surprised not to meet any drenching showers.

Perhaps the most charming entertainment of the week was Mrs. James Castle's tea Thursday afternoon to about a hundred of her friends. Each of the other social gatherings had been a pleasant anticipation and a fund of agreeable reminiscences, but each had been only to a comparative few. Mrs. Castle's, being more general, was a source of pleasure to several elements and alike enjoyable to all.

A quaint, little Japanese maid led the ladies, from the front of the house, around the veranda to where it opened into the large lanai at the back. Here they came upon a gay and pretty scene. The sunlight filtered softly through bamboo curtains, hung to form a screen which shut off the dazzling light of the sun shining on the ocean, but through which the dancing waves and vast stretch of rippling waters glimmered faintly, with all the effect of the fairy scenes at the theaters, where transparent veils heighten the beauties that lie beyond. Magnificent palms, their rich, green leaves reaching to the ceiling, further subdued the glare from the sea, and formed an effective background for the dainty table, upon which were delicacies that would have made even the most satiated society butterfly wonder afresh at the appellation "tea." An exquisite Japanese silk cloth, with clove leaves and chrysanthemums embroidered in delicate greens and pinks in a graceful border above a tasselled fringe, a big bowl of blush and nephets roses in the center, cut glass bowls of ice cream and strawberries, silver dishes full of cakes and candies, the handsome silver coffee service, the fine glass ware and piles of plates of choicest design, made the table a delight to the eye.

Further over in one corner of the lanai, was the quintessence club, their charming music lending animation to the conversation and inspiration to its pauses. Mrs. Castle was just inside the enclosed lanai, which led from the open one, and with her was Mrs. F. M. Hatch, who assisted her in receiving. At the pretty tea table were Mrs. C. B. Cooper, and Mrs. Henry Castle, with Mrs. Swamy, Miss Nellie White, and Miss Jessie Kaufman to assist in serving the guests.

Sitting or standing in groups about the lanai were, at one time Mrs. Haywood, Mrs. H. P. Carter, Mrs. Charles Carter, Mrs. Du Roi, Mrs. Sewall, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Judd, Mrs. Atherton, Mrs. Stockbridge, Mrs. Gilman, Mrs. Olive Davies, Mrs. E. C. Damon, Mrs. S. M. Damon, Mrs. Schaeffer, Mrs. Renjes, Mrs. Foeke, Mrs. Emily Judd, Mrs. Boyd, Mrs. Henry Cooper, Mrs. Fuller, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Von Holt, Mrs. Thurston, Mrs. George Carter, Mrs. McGrew, Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Hopper, Mrs. Coleman; others who were arriving exclaimed at the delicious effect of the light gowns, the gay hats, the palms, the sweet scent of the flowers, the faint murmur of the sea, the cool breeze stirring gently, the soft footed attendants passing about with their dainty trays, the tempered light, the music of "the boys," whose sweet voices rose and sank to the accompaniment of their tinkling instruments, and beyond, the sea, the sky, and mountains.

The guests lingered at Mrs. Castle's

tea until the short twilight reminded them that they had not brought lights for their carriages, and so on, and so on, but not adieu, for one does not bid adieu to a pleasant memory.

And still the week goes daily on. A dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell that same night hurried away a few of those who were at the tea, and the parties arranged to see the New Year in and the old year out have been mounting up to legion, among the largest being one at Mrs. Foeke's.

Christmas week is going, but its memory will live, for there has been many a host and hostess who has helped Honolulu to a realization of the Yuletide season, in spite of its balmy breezes, and soft, tropical air.

Truly has Honolulu lived up to the precept:

"At Christmas play, and make good cheer,
For Christmas comes but once a year."

HE MUST SERVE.

Supreme Court Remands Attorney Davis to Custody
(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

The opinion of the court by Chief Justice Judd was filed yesterday in the matter of the application of Geo. A. Davis for a writ of habeas corpus.

The decision says, "A Circuit Judge acting by authority of law in a judicial capacity has the right to punish for contempt of court.

"A fine for contempt of court having been imposed and not paid, the offender may be imprisoned until it is paid." The decision is supported by numerous citations. The clerk is directed to note on the writ that it is discharged, and the petitioner was remanded to the custody of the Marshal. Mr. Davis asked the court if he was to be confined in a convict prison to be thieves, murderers, etc. are imprisoned? He submitted that he was not legally imprisoned; that he would bring another writ up as he was not a criminal and that he would be the last one to go to prison. The court remarked that it was for the Marshal to see whether or not Mr. Davis was in a proper confinement. Mr. Davis is comfortably placed at the police station for the remainder of his ten days.

In closing the decision the Supreme Court says:

"It seems to us also that both of these contempts were in face curiae. The obnoxious bill of exceptions was read to the judge. The second contempt was language addressed to the judge, and was far more serious in its nature.

"It is the duty of this court to see to it that the several judges and magistrates of this Republic are protected in the exercise of their judicial duties, and their valid judgments respected."

Tonnage and Displacement.

At the present time, when naval matters are a source of great interest to the general public, says the Engineering News, one continually finds the terms "displacement" and "tonnage" improperly used, both in the daily press and in common speech. The confusion between the terms would not occur if their meaning were understood. "Displacement" refers to the quantity of liquid displaced by the immersed hull of the ship, and "tonnage" to the freight-carrying capacity of the ship determined by certain rules of measurement.

The displacement of a vessel is the entire weight of the hull with all its contents, according to the well-known law of hydrostatics that a floating body displaces a weight of fluid just equal to its own weight. A ship sinks in the water to such a level that the pressure of the fluid displaced exactly counterbalances the weight of the ship.

No More War Pay.

Calculations made at the War Department at Washington show that the restoration of peace will result in a saving of from \$450,000 to \$500,000 a month in the single item of pay of enlisted men in the United States army. A private soldier receives in time of war \$15.00 a month, but in time of peace it is only \$13. A first sergeant's pay is \$30 during war and \$25 in time of peace. The same proportion of decrease holds in the salaries of other non-commissioned officers. The 160,000 men of the volunteer and regular armies receive altogether \$2,600,000 a month.

IN SAMOA.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The Washington Government, according to a dispatch from Auckland has instructed the United States Consul at Apia, Samoa, to act with great vigilance and not to entrust his duties to his British and German colleagues. It appears the German agent has taken advantage of his colleagues' confidence to land guns and munitions of war without their knowledge and also to obtain important advantages for German firms.

GOING OUTSIDE MANILA.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—A Sun's Washington special says: Secretary Alger today sent orders by cable to Major-General Otis at Manila to send a force of United States troops to Iloilo, the capital and principal port of the Island of Panay. This action is first taken by the Administration toward extending its authority over the Philippines beyond the city, harbor and bay of Manila, and is important as an indication of the intention of the Government to place the archipelago under American control sooner than was originally intended.

Mr. Elisha Berry, of this place, says he never had anything do him so much good and give such quick relief from rheumatism as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He was bothered greatly with shooting pains from hip to knee until he used this liniment, which affords prompt relief.—B. F. Baker, druggist, St. Louis, Mo. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

WORDS OF WORTH

A Well Considered Letter On Affairs in Manila.

REBEL CHIEF AND PEOPLE

Great Task of Subjection—An Army And Fleet

Under date of Manila, December 2, a gentleman of the Dewey fleet, American navy, well qualified to write upon the various subjects treated, has the following to say to a Honolulu friend who had lodged a request for views:

Aguinaldo's government is still in existence, but he has now a rival government on the Island of Panay. From this we judge that Aguinaldo and his revolutionary government does not satisfy the entire population of the Islands. Aguinaldo himself has proved to be a diplomat of the highest order, but one who is very intent upon looking out for number one. He has formed a Cabinet, whom he is supposed to consult on all matters pertaining to the government of the Islands, but this he does not do when his own interest is at stake. The situation at present, owing to these two rival governments, is at best a complicated one, and one which I am afraid it will require more than diplomatic to straighten, when we finally decide to occupy the entire Islands, which in all probability we will from the present outlook, innumerable difficulties will present themselves.

The natives have decided that independence only is what they will take, with a protectorate if necessary, we to give the latter. What return they expect to give us for this protectorate I am at a loss to state, and really the idea has never entered their heads. To deal with a people of this kind I am afraid our country will have their hands full.

It will be a great pity to be compelled to wage war on these people, which will be a never-ending one, and at best will not accomplish the desired end, namely, to rule the Islands. They cover such a vast area of territory, many of them peopled with tribes even more savage than the Indians of North America. In and around the cities the people are intelligent, but in the interior they are illiterate and naturally opposed to be subjected to any prescribed law. I have talked with many intelligent natives and men who have been in the interior, and from one and all, the same story is heard. They will fight for what they call independence and will tolerate the ruling of no nation. This may seem a rather vague story, their fighting, but they have a complete military organization, and from conservative estimates by interested parties, their number is put at 150,000.

While the Islands are very valuable from both a naval and commercial view, yet, in my mind, they are not worth one mother's son lost in their retention. And if the United States intends to keep them, not only will it require a vast fleet of ships, but a standing army of nearly 50,000 men. I have often wondered if on the last of May, we had left after destroying their fleet and batteries on shore, and gone, say to Honolulu, what would have been the result. I have mentioned this to a number of people and they smile at the idea. Yet it would have saved our army from being transported here, in fact it presents so many possibilities that the subject is best left alone. Had we known at that time that the Hawaiian Islands opened their ports to our ships, the probability is that we would have gone there. But Dewey had no way of knowing this and it was his duty to seize, while he could, a port for his vessels.

It will be some years before the people of our country will actually realize what our little tin-clad fleet (as the Eastern Squadron called us) has done. It has been the means of opening one of the richest ports in the world, which, in time will rival and excel Hongkong. The actual value of this port has never been realized, owing to the almost prohibitive tax placed upon products by the Spanish Government, and their secretive method of handling shipping. Not two days ago as many as eight ships came into the harbor from various ports with and for cargoes.

It is surprising to me that the venturesome American capitalist has not yet made his appearance. The English firms from Hongkong have realized what a gold mine the place is and have opened many branch stores. But there is room for a hundred dealers in men's wear alone. Just imagine over 20,000 men, who must be supplied with the actual necessities of life, who are a class that will spend their money freely, yet, can buy nothing of American make. I tried to buy an ordinary negligee shirt in the city not many days ago, and after a four-hour search, was compelled to do without it. And so it is in everything. If one of our large wholesale houses would come in with a ship load of men's wear such as are fit to be worn in this tropical country, they could return with a ship load of Mexican dollars in less time than it takes to load the ship.

The health of the fleet is excellent, no sickness whatever, that of the soldiers ashore is improving. The establishment of a convalescent camp at Corregidor island, at the entrance of the harbor, is a plan of the near future and a good one.

The "Buffalo," we understand, is on the way with over 600 men for us. This is just about the number whose times will have expired by the time of her arrival, and it will be a great boon. We

have now over 400 men in the fleet who are doing overtime, some of them as much as ten months. This has caused a great deal of discontent among the men in the fleet, and the arrival of the Buffalo will once more put us on a better status. The Navy left us yesterday for San Francisco, taking about forty of the men who had served the longest overtime. Yet, from what I can learn, it is difficult to get men at present, and there seems no blame for the state of affairs but force of circumstances.

We all had some hopes that the six original ships who fought the Battle of Manila Bay would go home together, but they are far from being realized. The ships will gradually be filled up with new men and the old hands will have gone home.

Our paper, the American, published in Manila by Franklin Brooks, gives us a few press dispatches daily so we are really more in touch with the world than you Honolulu people are.

IN WAILUALA CASE.

The Binding Terms of an Amended Injunction.
(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

An amended order of injunction was filed yesterday in the suit of James A. Hopper, et al., vs. The Wailuala Agricultural Company, Limited, et al.

The injunction is modified so as to read as follows: You the said "The Wailuala Agricultural Company, Limited," and your officers, directors, and duly authorized agents, are hereby restrained, prohibited and enjoined from issuing, transferring or delivering, to any person or persons, other than James A. Hopper, J. A. McCandless, and McCandless Brothers, any of the shares of stock of the said "The Wailuala Agricultural Company, Limited," exceeding in amount and number, the shares therein authorized to be issued, namely: Subscribed shares of stock in the said "The Wailuala Agricultural Company, Limited," may only be issued to the number of 31,950 shares of the par value of \$3,195,000, leaving unissued 3,050 subscribed shares of said capital stock of the par value of \$305,000. Provided, that the said 3,050 subscribed shares remaining unissued, and subject to the said injunction order of this court, be such shares as were subscribed for, and which the subscription and other books of said company, show not to have been credited with the payment of the first assessment of the 10 per cent of said stock. Or, if the said books show, that all of the subscribed shares of stock of "The Wailuala Agricultural Company, Limited," has been credited with the payment of said first assessment of the 10 per cent, or that there are not a sufficient number of shares, shown to be uncredited, as aforesaid, to make up the full number of 3,050 shares; then the subscribed shares to remain subject to said injunction order, or so many thereof as shall be necessary, to make up the full number of said 3,050 shares, shall be subscribed shares upon which said first assessment of ten per cent, was paid by the several subscribers thereto, conditionally, and subsequent to November 14, 1898, if such there be.

The injunction is signed by A. Perry, Judge Circuit Court.

NEW IMPROVED CANE : KNIFE.

Planters' Improved Hoe.

Forged from one solid piece of steel. Made specially to our order.

Fence Wire

Of the Best Quality.

GALVANIZED. NOS. 4, 5 and 6.

IN PERFECT ORDER.

Call and examine the above.

Breaking Plows,

Secretary Disc Plows!

Small Steel Plows,

FOR CULTIVATING.

Whips and

Whip Stocks.

Whiffletrees.

Pacific Hardware Co.

—LIMITED—

Fort Street.

Agents for the Vacuum Oils.

Down Again

in prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.

TELEPHONE 121.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

Chlorodyne

Original and Only Genuine.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 15, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is a liquid medicine which soothes PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, AND INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The

Importance of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations. N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles, 1s. 15d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer.

J. T. DAVENPORT,

88 GREAT RUSSELL ST., LONDON, W. C.

KING BROS.

Have a superb array of GOODS selected by Will C. King from the latest Novelties on the Coast.

Suitable for Christmas and Wedding Presents, consisting of

PICTURES,

ART STATUARY,

PHOTO PANELS,

—AND—

ART NOVELTIES.

Also the latest in

PICTURE MOULDINGS

—AND—

FRAMING MATERIALS.

All are welcome at their Show Rooms

110 HOTEL ST.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.,

Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

(Semi-Weekly).

Agents for the Vacuum Oils.

ARE YOU READY

To look at the finest and most complete line of holiday goods ever imported into the Hawaiian Islands? If so we shall be pleased to offer the services of one of our obliging clerks to show you the goods.

TIME NO OBJECT.

The goods were purchased by our Mr. Barthrop, who has recently returned from a tour among the leading makers throughout the United States.

In quality and price we are leaders.

COME AND SEE.

We have a line of fine leather goods that embrace almost everything useful made of leather at prices astonishingly low.

IN CELLULOID GOODS our line will astonish you.

FANCY GLASS BOTTLES. We lead our competitors.

PERFUMERY is our forte. Our line of Palmer's, Lazzell, Dalley & Co., Lundborgs, Colgate, Pinnauds, Rigand & Co., Roger & Gallet, is complete.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

TIMELY TOPICS

December 19, 1898.

A FEW MORE HANDSOME GOODS.

Last week we spoke of B & H Lamps. We are more than pleased with the sale we have had on these goods last week, as it goes to show that our efforts on behalf of our patrons is fully appreciated.

This week we are desirous of calling your attention to a handsome line of

ART MIRRORS,

ART VASES,

ART PITCHERS,

ART CANDLE STICKS.

These goods are without exception the most handsome line ever brought before the public of Honolulu.

The Scourse Mirrors are the very best beveled plate glass set in the latest creation artists of the highest order can conceive and are of a large variety of designs.

What we have said of the Mirrors also applies to the assortment of

VASES : AND : PITCHERS.

Within the last year or so the fad of using candle sticks is again in vogue, with the exception that at the present day the designs are much prettier than those used in the last century.

It is no uncommon thing today to step into the best furnished houses and find these Art Candle Sticks displayed in some cosy nook around the house. Our assortment of these goods consists of several patterns.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Limited.

307 FORT ST.